

IMMISSION

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PART KI AUG 2 9 2007

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Paraday to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 174-8 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	July 1, 2006	AND ENDING	June 30, 2007
RELIGITION TO A TIME TO THE TENT TO THE	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	GISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Firstrade Secu ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU 133-25 37th Avenue		No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)		
Flushing	New York	1	1354
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF John Liu	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REG	GARD TO THIS RE	PORT 718-961-6600
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins, L	LP (Name - if individual, state last, first	, middle name)	10165-3698
60 East 42nd Street	New York	NY	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSED
Certified Public Accountant			7 MOV O E
☐ Public Accountant			P NOV 0 5 2007
Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its possessi	ions.	THOMSON FINANCIA:
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	John Liu		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	y knowledge and belief the accompanying financial states irstrade Securities, Inc.	ment a	nd supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of, as
of	June 30th	07	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
ne	either the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal	officer	or director has any proprietary interest in any account
cla	assified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:		
	PETER GSCHWENG Notary Public, State of New York		Signature
	No. 01GS8022253	ī	President
	Qualified in Nassau County Commission Expires March 29, 20	-	
	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		Title
	Poter Stefenger		
1	Notary Public		
	his report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or P (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Require (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control I (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation Computation for Determination of the Reserve Require	o Clair ements Requir of the juirem	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. ements Under Rule 15c3-3. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	consolidation.	• 5120	07
	(i) An Oath of Affilmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
□		to exis	et or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**	For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portio	ns of i	his filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

Financial Statements

June 30, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations and Change in Retained Earnings	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5-9
APPENDICES	
Schedule i: Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1	10
Schedule ii: Statement of Exemption from Rule 15c3-3	11
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	12-13



Independent Auditors' Report

To The Board of Directors and Stockholders Firstrade Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Firstrade Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of June 30, 2007, and the related statement of operations and change in retained earnings, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Firstrade Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbino, LAP

New York, NY August 27, 2007

Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2007

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,390,749
Certificates of deposit	1,512,037
Securities owned, at market value	13,462
Due from clearing broker	626,320
Accrued interest receivable	27,198
Property, plant and equipment, net	190,854
Deposits with clearing broker	100,000
Intangible assets, net	275,954
Other assets	59,111
	\$ 4,195,685
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Accrued expenses	\$ 183,416
Accrued payroll	349,102
Accrued taxes	273,324
Deferred income taxes	83,770
Total Liabilities	889,612
Stockholders' equity	
Common stock - \$.01 par value, authorized 32,000,000 shares,	
issued 18,450,000 shares	184,500
Additional paid-in-capital	695,500
Retained earnings	2,426,073
Total Stockholders' Equity	3,306,073
Tomi Diovidionavio Differiy	
	\$ 4,195,685

Statement of Operations and Change in Retained Earnings

Year Ended June 30, 2007

REVENUES	
Commission income	\$ 4,911,942
Rental income	189,322
Interest and other income	6,293,874
Total Revenue	11,395,138
EXPENSES	
Salaries and payroll related expenses	1,646,068
Execution costs	2,112,362
Margin interest rebates	1,501,960
Interest expense-customers	2,030,346
Research and statistical costs	600,517
Regulatory fees and expenses	25,544
Occupancy and equipment costs	430,284
Communications costs	109,092
Stationery, printing, postage and shipping	45,277
Promotional costs	526,041
Insurance expense	135,468
Professional fees	79,664
Bad debt expense	316,681
Depreciation and amortization	255,761
Other operating costs	149,770
Total Expenses	9,964,835
Income Before Income Tax Expense	1,430,303
Income tax expense	
Current	602,004
Deferred	49,673
Net Income	778,626
RETAINED EARNINGS	
Beginning of year	1,647,447
End of year	\$ 2,426,073

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended June 30, 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$	778,626
Adjustments to reconcile change in net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization		255,761
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments		29,548
Deferred taxes		49,673
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Due from clearing broker		(108,928)
Accrued interest receivable		(16,352)
Other assets		7,777
Accrued expenses		61,626
Accrued corporate taxes		18,771
Accrued payroll		(87,976)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		988,526
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(284,201)
Investments in certificates of deposit, net		(545,348)
Proceeds from sale of investments		277,977
Purchase of investments		(237,259)
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		(788,831)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		199,695
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Beginning of year	_	1,191,054
End of year	<u>\$</u>	1,390,749
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	580,233

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Organization

Organization

Firstrade Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company acts as an introducing broker and provides discount brokerage services for its clients.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost. An accelerated depreciation method is used for furniture and equipment with useful lives of five to seven years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease.

Securities Owned

Investments owned are valued at market value based upon quoted market prices on the principal exchange on which such shares are traded, with related changes in market value included in the statement of operations.

Income Taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities. The components of temporary differences are software development costs and unrealized losses on investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Advertising

The Company follows the policy of charging the costs of advertising to expense as incurred. For the year ended June 30, 2007, advertising expense was \$467,698.

Intangibles

Intangible assets consist of trademarks, software and lease assignment costs and are recorded at cost. Amortization of trademarks is computed using the straight-line method over a period of 15-years. Lease assignment costs are amortized using the straight-line method over the 10-year life of the lease. Software development costs are amortized using the straight-line method over a useful life of 3 years; these costs which include consulting fees, payroll and payroll related costs are associated with various ongoing computer software based projects. As of June 30, 2007 several of these projects totaling \$166,867 were at the application development stage.

Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investment instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Profit Sharing Plan

The Company maintains a contributory qualified 401(k) plan for eligible employees. The company made no contributions for the year ended June 30, 2007.

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At June 30, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$2,714,833 which was \$2,655,526 in excess of its required net capital of \$59,307. The Company's net capital ratio was .33 to 1.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment and their depreciable lives as of June 30, 2007, consist of the following:

	Useful Life In Years	
Leasehold improvements	7	\$ 374,168
Equipment	5-7	724,311
Furniture and fixtures	5 - 7	117,375
Automobile	5	19,591
		1,235,445
Accumulated depreciation		(1,044,591)
Property, Plant and Equipment, net		\$ 190,854

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$100,556.

5. Intangible assets

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	Useful Life In Years	
Lease assignment cost	10	\$ 191,418
Trademark	15	7,823
Software development costs	3	1,876,154
Accumulated amortization		2,075,395 (1,799,441)
Intangible assets, net		\$ 275,954

Amortization expense for year ended June 30, 2007 was \$155,205.

Notes to Financial Statements

5. Intangible assets (Continued)

Estimated amortization expense through June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2008	\$ 155,568
2009	88,870
2010	28,327
2011	515
2012	515
Thereafter	 2,159
	\$ 275,954

6. Stock Option Plan

The Company established the Firstrade Securities Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") to attract and retain the best available personnel for positions of substantial responsibility, to provide additional incentive to employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries and to promote the success of the Company's business. Under the Plan, the Board of Directors of the Company has authorized the issuance of up to 1,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock at \$.001 par value per share. Options granted under the plan may be incentive stock options or non-statutory stock options. As of June 30, 2007, there were 1,000,000 shares available for issuance under the plan and no shares were granted

7. Stockholders' Equity

The Company is authorized to issue 4,000,000 shares of \$.10 per share preferred stock. No preferred shares have been issued as of June 30, 2007.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. Commitments

The Company has leases for office space which expire on June 30, 2010. Office rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$330,757. Future minimum rental payments at June 30, 2007, under all operating leases having an initial or remaining non-cancelable term of more than one year are shown below.

Year Ended June 30,

2008 2009	\$ 331,081 347,635
2010	 365,016
	\$ 1,043,732

9. Financial Instruments and Credit Risk Concentration

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents and amounts due from clearing broker. The Company places its cash and cash equivalents in highly regarded financial institutions and clears its transactions with a highly regarded clearing broker. The Company also has a concentration risk to their clearing broker in the event that certain customers are unable to make their margin calls.

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1

June 30, 2007

Stockholders' Equity		\$ 3,306,073
Deductions: Non-allowable assets Interest receivable Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	27,198 190,854 275,954	
Other assets	59,111	553,117
Net capital before haircuts on security positions		2,752,956
Less: Haircuts on certificates of deposit and security positions Net capital	•	<u>38,123</u> 2,714,833
Minimum net capital requirement of 6-2/3 % of aggregate indebtedness, or \$50,000 whichever is greater		59,307
Excess of net capital over minimum requirement		\$ 2,655,526
Aggregate indebtedness Accrued expenses and other liabilities		\$ 889,612
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		33%

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15C3-1

There is no material difference between the above calculation and the calculation included in the Company's unaudited FOCUS report as of June 30, 2007

Statement of Exemption from Rule 15c3-3 Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements

June 30, 2007

Firstrade Securities, Inc. clears all customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis and therefore claims exemptive provision (K)(2)(ii) of S.E.C. Rule 15c3-3, which exempts the Corporation from the computation for determination of reserve requirements as provided for in that Rule.

See independent auditors' report.

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Structure Required By Sec Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors Firstrade Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Firstrade Securities, Inc. (the "Company"), for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company consideration of control activities for safe guarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c-3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliability in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of a significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

O'Common Devico Munno & Dobbino, LAP

New York, New York August 27, 2007

